IM 7011 – Information Economics, Fall 2015

Instructor: Ling-Chieh Kung Department of Information Management National Taiwan University

In the field of Information Economics (or Economics of Information), people use economic tools to study the value and impact of information. Information is not only important in the information industry; it has critical impacts in almost all business activities. In this course, we will study how to apply economic modeling to rigorously analyze information-related issues, especially information asymmetry. Applications that we will study lie in marketing, supply chain management, information systems, among others. Students will be required to read textbooks as well as some academic papers. This is a course teaching students how to do academic research with a specific research method. To comfortably take this course, one is suggested to have adequate background in calculus, nonlinear optimization, game theory, and probability.

This is an elective course offered in the Department of Information Management in National Taiwan University. The target "customers" of this course are graduate and senior students, though junior students may still enroll in this course. In most cases, all students who want to enroll in or audit this course are welcome.

Basic information

Instru	ictor •	Ling-Chie	h Kung	(孔令傑).	E-mail: 1	ckung(AT)	ntu.edu.	tw.		
	•	Office: Ro	om 413,	Managem	ent Build	ling II. Tel	l: 02-336	6-1176.		
	•	Office hor	ır: by app	pointments						
	•	http://www	<u>v.im.ntu.</u>	edu.tw/~lc	<u>kung/</u> .					
Teaching Assist	tants •	Ian Zhong	(鍾冠宇	E). E-mail:	r037250	40(AT)ntu	.edu.tw.			
	•	Ho Ho (何	「禾). E-n	nail: r0372	5041(AT)ntu.edu.tv	v.			
Lect	tures •	9:10am-12	2:10pm, 2	Monday in	Room 2	04, Manag	ement B	uilding II.		
Prerequi	isites •	Students n	leed to ki	now the ba	sic ideas	of calculu	s, optimi	zation, and	l probab	ility.
	•	Some kno	wledge a	lbout game	theory v	vill be help	oful.			
Refere	ences •	(SV) Infor	mation I	Rules by C	. Shapiro	and H. Va	rian.			
	•	(LD) Frea	konomic	s by S. Le	vitt and S	5. Dubner. ¹				
	•	(CT) Cont	ract The	ory by P. E	Bolton an	d M. Dewa	atripont.			
	•	(G) Game	Theory	for Applied	l Econon	<i>ists</i> by R.	Gibbons			
On-line Resou	irces •	• For checking grades: CEIBA.								
	•	For materi	als: <u>http</u>	://www.im	.ntu.edu.	tw/~lckung	g/courses	<u>/IE-Fa15/</u> .		
	•	For discus	sions: <u>ht</u>	tps://piazz	a.com/nt	u.edu.tw/fa	all2015/i	<u>m7011</u> .		
G P										
Grading										
Breakdown	• Homey	vork 1.5%	Class n	articinatio	n∙ 10%					
Dicunation	Pre-lec	ture proble	ems: 10%	Lecture	problems	: 15%				
	Paper r	presentation	n: 15%.]	Exams: 20	%. Proie	ct: 25%.				
Conversion	• The fin	al letter gr	ades will	be given a	according	y to the fol	lowing c	onversion	rule:	
Rule		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	Letter	Range	Letter	Range	Letter	Range	Letter	Range	Letter	Range
	F	[0, 60)	C-	[60, 63)	С	[63, 67)	C+	[67, 70)	B-	[70, 73)
	В	[73, 77]	B+	[77, 80)	A–	[80, 85)	А	[85, 90)	A+	[90, 100]

¹ Translated into Chinese with the book title "蘋果橘子經濟學".

Tentative plan

Week	Date	Lecture	Reading ²	What is due	
1	9/14	Overview, <i>quiz</i> , and review of optimization	SV Ch. 1, LD	Homework 1 on 9/18	
2	9/21	Review of game theory	G Chs. 1-2	N/A	
3	9/28	No class: Mid-autumn Festival	N/A	N/A	
4	10/5	Channel selection under competition	McGuire and Staelin (1983)	N/A	
5	10/12	Incentives and supply chain coordination	Pasternack (1985)	Homework 2 on 10/16	
6	10/19	Theory of screening: Two-type model	BD Sec. 2.1	N/A	
7	10/26	Endogenous adverse selection	Taylor and Xiao (2009)	N/A	
8	11/2	Cascade contract design	Kung and Chen (2014)	Homework 3 on 11/6	
9	11/9	<u>Midterm exam</u>	N/A	N/A	
10	11/16	Theory of screening: Continuous-type model	BD Sec. 2.3.3	N/A	
11	11/23	Theory of moral hazard	BD Sections 4.1-4.2	Project proposal on 11/23	
12	11/30	Proposal discussions	N/A	Homework 4 on 12/4	
13	12/7	Quality Segmentation in Spatial Markets	Desai (2001)	Write-up and slides on 12/7	
		Product line design for a distribution channel	Villas-Boas (1998)		
14	12/14	Nonlinear pricing of information goods	Sandararajan (2004)	Write-up and slides on 12/14	
		Is a better-forecasting retailer beneficial?	Taylor and Xiao (2010)		
15	12/21	Incentives for salesperson forecasting	Chen (2005)	Write-up and slides on 12/21	
		Monitoring the market or salesperson?	Kung and Chen (2011)		
16	12/28	Review	N/A	N/A	
17	1/4	Final project presentations	N/A	Project report on 1/4	
18	1/11	Final project presentations	N/A	Project report on 1/11	

Chen, F. (2005), "Salesforce incentives, marketing information, and production/inventory planning," *Management Science* **51**(1) 60-75.

Desai, P.S. (2001), "Quality segmentation in spatial markets: when does cannibalization affect product line design?" *Marketing Science* **20**(3) 265-283.

Kung, L.-C. and Y.-J. Chen (2011), "Monitoring the market or salesperson? The value of information in a multi-layer supply chain," *Naval Research Logistics* **58**(8) 743-762.

Kung, L.-C. and Y.-J. Chen (2014), "Impact of reseller's and sales agent's forecasting accuracy in a multilayer supply chain," *Naval Research Logistics* **61**(3) 207-222.

McGuire, T.W. and R. Staelin (1983), "An industry equilibrium analysis of downstream vertical integration," *Marketing Science* **2**(1) 115-130.

Pasternack, B.A. (1985), "Optimal pricing and return policies for perishable commodities," Marketing Science 4(2) 166-176.

Sundararajan, A. (2004), "Nonlinear pricing of information goods," Management Science 50(12) 1660-1673.

Taylor, T. and W. Xiao (2009), "Incentives for retailer forecasting: rebates vs. returns," Management Science 55(10) 1654-1669.

Taylor, T. and W. Xiao (2010), "Does a manufacturer benefit from a better forecasting retailer?" *Management Science* 56(9) 1584-1598.

Villas-Boas, J.M. (1998), "Product line design for a distribution channel," Marketing Science 17(2) 156-169.

² The meanings of these abbreviations can be found in the "Basic Information" section.

Policies

''Flipped	• Before most Monday lectures, the instructor will upload videos containing some materials to be
Classroom''	discussed on that Monday. The total length of those videos for one lecture will be around 60 to
	90 minutes. Students must find their own time to watch the videos before the lecture.
	• For each set of videos, there will be a <i>pre-lecture problem</i> that requires students' submissions.
	Pre-lecture problems should be submitted as hard copies at the beginning of each lecture.
	• During lectures, we answer students' questions regarding materials in the videos, give examples,
	do on-site exercises and discussions, and introduce further materials.
	• For most problems assigned in lectures, students form teams to discuss about and solve them to
	earn points for <i>lecture problems</i> .
Teams	• Students must form teams to do lecture problems. One's teams for different weeks can be
	different. Each team should have <i>exactly three</i> students, unless a special approval is obtained
	from the instructor.
Homework	• Thanks to in-class exercises and lecture problems, students do not need to submit homework
	(except Homework 1)! To give students more chances to do practices, several homework
	assignments will be given. Solutions will be provided on the due dates.
	• To submit a homework paper, put a <i>hard copy</i> of the work into <i>the instructor's mailbox</i> on the first
	floor of the Management Building II by the due time. No submission in class. Being late for less
	than one hour gets deductions on grades; being late for more than one hour gets no grade.
Paper	• Students will form six teams to present six academic papers. Each team will be responsible for
presentations	one paper. Each oral presentation, including Q&A, must be done in 50 minutes with slides. The
	number of members in a team will be determined when the class roster is finalized.
	• On the date that a team present, they should submit one paper summary and their slides.
Project	• Students will form "teams" to do a final project by applying the techniques learned in this course
	to a self-selected problem. Each team will make an oral presentation in one of the last two
	lectures and submit a report. The written report is due on the date the team makes the oral
	presentation. The number of teams and number of students in each team will be determined after
	the class size is finalized.
Class	• We encourage class participation and include it in evaluating each student. During lecture time,
Participation	students are more than welcome to ask or answer questions and provide comments. One gets
	good participation grades if her/his participation enhances the learning experiences of the class or
	she/he simply impresses the instructor with her/his passion and diligence.
Office Hour	• You are welcome to the instructor's office hour to ask him any question. You may ask him to
	clarify some concepts, give suggestions on homework, or discuss the final project. Discussions
	not related to this course are also welcome. If you do not want to come in the designated time,
	feel free to send me an e-mail to schedule a meeting.
Exams	• The exam will be in-class and open whatever you have (including all kinds of electronic devices).

However, no information is allowed to be transferred among students. Cheating will result in severe penalty.