Homework Assignment #8

Note

This assignment is due 2:10PM Tuesday, December 3, 2019. Please write or type your answers on A4 (or similar size) paper. Drop your homework by the due time in Yih-Kuen Tsay's mail box on the first floor of Management College Building 2. Late submission will be penalized by 20% for each working day overdue. You may discuss the problems with others, but copying answers is strictly forbidden.

Problems

There are five problems in this assignment, each accounting for 20 points. (Note: problems marked with "(X.XX)" are taken from [Manber 1989] with probable adaptation.)

1. In the topological sorting algorithm that we discussed in class for directed acyclic graphs, DFS is used to calculate the indegree of each vertex in the input graph. Please give a detailed description of this calculation in adequate pseudocode. You need to define a main routine which invokes the DFS procedure with suitable preWORK and postWORK.

2. (7.38) Given a directed acyclic graph $G = (V, E)$, find a simple (directed) path in G that has the maximum number of edges among all simple paths in G. The algorithm should run in linear time.

3. Consider Dijkstra's algorithm for single-source shortest paths. The values of SP for all vertices may be stored in either an array or a heap. How do these two implementations compare in terms of time complexity? Please explain.

4. (7.9) Prove that if the costs of all edges in a given connected graph are distinct, then the graph has exactly one unique minimum-cost spanning tree.

5. (7.61) Let $G = (V, E)$ be a connected weighted undirected graph and T be a minimum-cost spanning tree (MCST) of G. Suppose that the cost of one edge $\{u, v\}$ in G is changed (*increased* or *decreased*); $\{u, v\}$ may or may not belong to T. Design an algorithm to either find a new MCST or to determine that T is still an MCST. The more efficient your algorithm is, the more points you will be credited for this problem. Explain why your algorithm is correct and analyze its time complexity.