

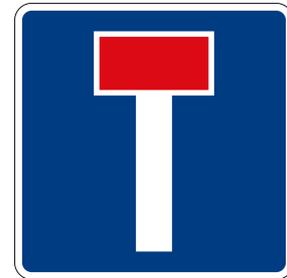
Problem E

Dead-End Detector

Time limit: 5 seconds

The council of your home town has decided to improve road sign placement, especially for dead ends. They have given you a road map, and you must determine where to put up signs to mark the dead ends. They want you to use as few signs as possible.

The road map is a collection of locations connected by two-way streets. The following rule describes how to obtain a complete placement of dead-end signs. Consider a street S connecting a location x with another location. The x -entrance of S gets a dead-end sign if, after entering S from x , it is not possible to come back to x without making a U-turn. A U-turn is a 180-degree turn immediately reversing the direction.



A dead-end sign.
 Source: [Wikimedia Commons](#)

To save costs, you have decided not to install redundant dead-end signs, as specified by the following rule. Consider a street S with a dead-end sign at its x -entrance and another street T with a dead-end sign at its y -entrance. If, after entering S from x , it is possible to go to y and enter T without making a U-turn, the dead-end sign at the y -entrance of T is redundant. See Figure E.1 for examples.

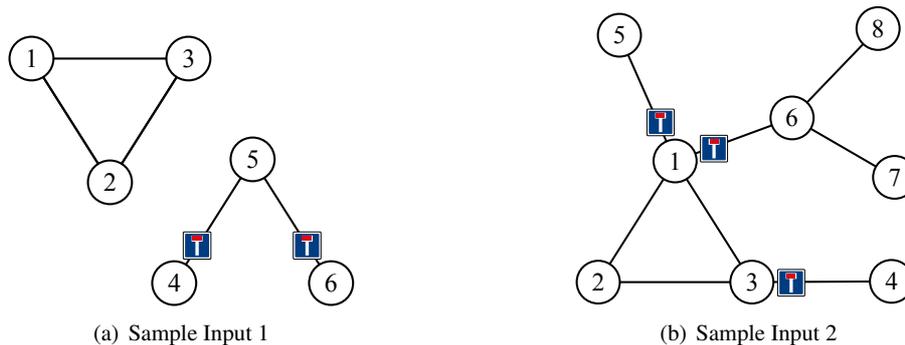


Figure E.1: Illustration of sample inputs, indicating where non-redundant dead-end signs are placed.

Input

The first line of input contains two integers n and m , where n ($1 \leq n \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$) is the number of locations and m ($0 \leq m \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$) is the number of streets. Each of the following m lines contains two integers v and w ($1 \leq v < w \leq n$) indicating that there is a two-way street connecting locations v and w . All location pairs in the input are distinct.

Output

On the first line, output k , the number of dead-end signs installed. On each of the next k lines, output two integers v and w marking that a dead-end sign should be installed at the v -entrance of a street connecting locations v and w . The lines describing dead-end signs must be sorted in ascending order of v -locations, breaking ties in ascending order of w -locations.



Sample Input 1

| | |
|--|---|
| 6 5 1 2 1 3 2 3 4 5 5 6 | Sample Output 1 2 4 5 6 5 |
|--|---|

Sample Input 2

| | |
|---|--|
| 8 8 1 2 1 3 2 3 3 4 1 5 1 6 6 7 6 8 | Sample Output 2 3 1 5 1 6 3 4 |
|---|--|