## Homework Assignment #10

## Due Time/Date

This assignment is due 2:10PM Tuesday, June 8, 2021. Late submission will be penalized by 20% for each working day overdue.

## How to Submit

Please use a word processor or scan hand-written answers to produce a single PDF file. Name your file according to this pattern: "b067050xx-hw10". Upload the PDF file to the NTU COOL course site for Theory of Computing 2021. You may discuss the problems with others, but copying answers is strictly forbidden.

## **Problems**

(Note: problems marked with "Exercise X.XX" or "Problem X.XX" are taken from [Sipser 2013] with probable adaptation.)

1. (Problem 5.9; 10 points) Let  $AMBIG_{CFG} = \{\langle G \rangle \mid G \text{ is an ambiguous CFG} \}$ . Show that  $AMBIG_{CFG}$  is undecidable. (Hint: use a reduction from PCP. Given an instance

$$P = \left\{ \left\lceil \frac{t_1}{b_1} \right\rceil, \left\lceil \frac{t_2}{b_2} \right\rceil, \cdots, \left\lceil \frac{t_k}{b_k} \right\rceil \right\}$$

of PCP, construct a CFG G with the rules:

where  $a_1, \ldots, a_k$  are new terminal symbols. Prove that this reduction works.)

2. (Problem 5.14(b); 20 points) Define a two-headed finite automaton (2DFA) to be a deterministic finite automaton that has two read-only, bidirectional heads that start at the left-hand end of the input tape and can be independently controlled to move in either direction. The tape of a 2DFA is finite and is just large enough to contain the input plus two additional blank tape cells, one on the left-end and one on the right-hand end, that serve as delimiters. A 2DFA accepts its input by entering a special accept state. For example, a 2DFA can recognize the language {a<sup>n</sup>b<sup>n</sup>c<sup>n</sup> | n ≥ 0}.

Let  $E_{2DFA} = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a 2DFA and } L(M) = \emptyset \}$ . Show that  $E_{2DFA}$  is undecidable.

- 3. (Problem 5.18(c); 10 points) Use Rice's theorem to prove the undecidability of the language  $\{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } L(M) = \Sigma^* \}$ . (Note: you should show that Rice's theorem is applicable for the problem/language.)
- 4. (Problem 5.22; 20 points) Let  $X = \{\langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ is a single-tape TM that never modifies the portion of the tape that contains the input <math>w\}$ . Is X decidable? Prove your answer.

- 5. (20 points) Prove that  $HALT_{TM} \leq_m \overline{E_{TM}}$ , where  $HALT_{TM} = \{\langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } M \text{ halts on } w\}$  and  $E_{TM} = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } L(M) = \emptyset\}$ .
- 6. (10 points) Let  $ALL_{DFA} = \{\langle A \rangle \mid A \text{ is a DFA and } L(A) = \Sigma^* \}$ . Prove that  $ALL_{DFA} \in P$ .
- 7. (10 points) Two graphs G and H are said to be isomorphic if the nodes of G may be renamed so that it becomes identical to H. Let  $ISO = \{\langle G, H \rangle \mid G \text{ and } H \text{ are isomorphic}\}$ . Prove that  $ISO \in \text{NP}$ , using the definition  $\text{NP} = \bigcup_k \text{NTIME}(n^k)$ .